

New School Third Party Risk Management

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What we are going to talk about

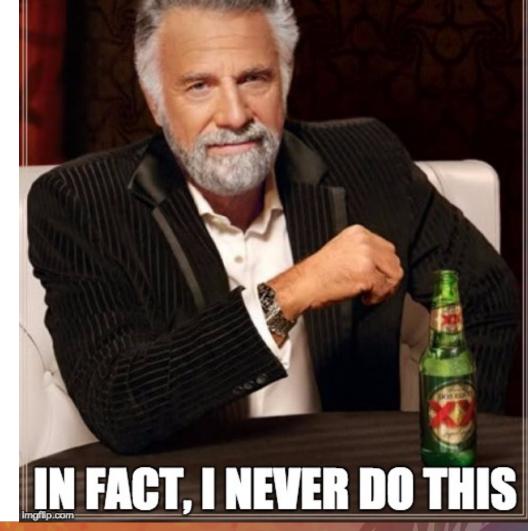
- What is third party/vendor risk
- Conducting risk assessments
- Cloud/SaaS vendor risk specifics
- Streamlining due diligence process
- Red flags/lessons learned

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THEY'RE EVERYWHERE

I DON'T ALWAYS AUDIT MY VENDOR'S SECURITY



Why is third party risk management important?

- Reduce likelihood of data breaches
- Fulfill legal obligations
- Ensure vendors can meet expected SLA's
- Business continuity and contingency planning (critical vendor merger or bankruptcy)
- Regulatory compliance

The ultimate goal is to protect your data and CYA!



What are the types of third party risk?

• **Compliance risk** is related to violations of laws, rules, or regulations

(GDPR, HIPAA, and others)

- Strategic risk business decisions not in line with strategic goals
- **Transactional risk** is related to problems with service or product delivery.
- Reputational risk is related to negative public opinion (re: Cofense and Cybersecurity firm Cofense says Russian money) Pamplona to sell stake after U.S. probe

ILOVE QUESTIONS QUESTIONS ARE MY makeameme.org

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Key Questions

- 1. Do they need access to our systems or network?
- 2. What data are we sharing with them?
- 3. Where will this data be stored, and for how long?
- 4. What third party vendors do they use (fourth party risk)?
- 5. What supporting evidence do they have?

How can these questions be answered?

Do they need access to our systems or network?

- Do they require a user account (if so what permissions)?
- Do they require access to the network?
- Example: WIPRO, Target





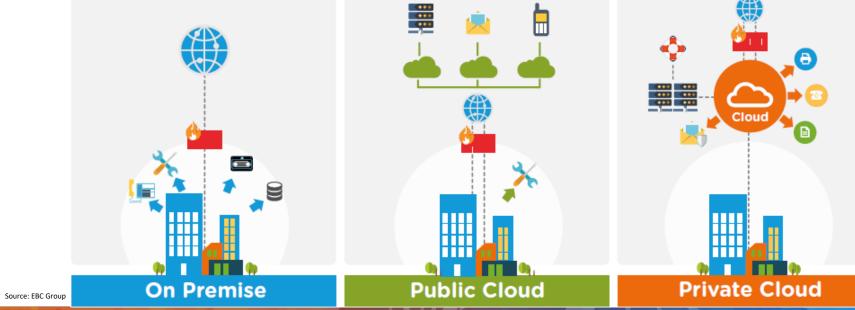
What data are we sharing with them?

- Employee data? Customer Data? Company Confidential Information?
- PCI Data? Health Information? Regulatory compliance risk?



Where will the data be stored and for how long?

- Will there be cross border transfer? US, EU? Others?
- Legal or regulatory requirements?
- Vendor should only store data as long as necessary to provide its services.





What third party vendors do they use? (fourth party risk)



Image courtesy of Upguard.com

• Ensure standards no less stringent than

those imposed on your vendors are imposed

on the fourth party (by way of contract)

• Request evidence of proper due diligence of

fourth parties



What supporting evidence do they have?

- Report from independent audit
- Vulnerability scans and penetration tests
- DRP/BCP tests

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• Compliance reports (AWS Trusted Advisor)



Essential elements of third party due diligence

- Third-party reviews (SOC 2, ISO, etc.)
- Documentation on the provider's information security and business continuity programs
- DPIA's (Data Privacy Impact Assessments)
- Vendor history (service interruptions, security breaches, legal or regulatory issues, etc.)
- Security questionnaires (CAIQ, SIG, HECVAT etc.)
- Financial stability statements

Cloud specific risks

- Now more than ever it's necessary to perform due diligence on cloud based vendors not just of the cloud provider, but also the architecture in the cloud
- Questionnaires alone are insufficient and the real action is happening *in* the cloud
- How do you know if your vendor is using the cloud in line with best practices?
- e.g. Booz Allen Hamilton, Verizon leaky cloud storage





Booz Allen Hamilton

When: May 2017

Data Exposed: Battlefield imagery and administrator credentials to sensitive systems

The Lowdown: The U.S. defense contractor left data publicly accessible through an insecurely configured S3 account containing files related to the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA), which handles battlefield satellite and drone imagery. Booz Allen claims the data itself was not connected to classified systems, but included in the data were remote login keys and credentials that could have been used to access more sensitive data.

Dow Jones & Co

When: July 2017



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Data Exposed: Personally identifiable information for 2.2 million people

The Lowdown: Wall Street Journal parent company Dow Jones & Co exposed personal information about more than 2 million customers through sloppy S3 configuration. In this case, permissions were set to allow anyone with a free AWS account access to a server containing millions of customer account details, as well as another database containing consumer data about millions of people for anti-money laundering regulatory compliance purposes.

source: threatpost.com



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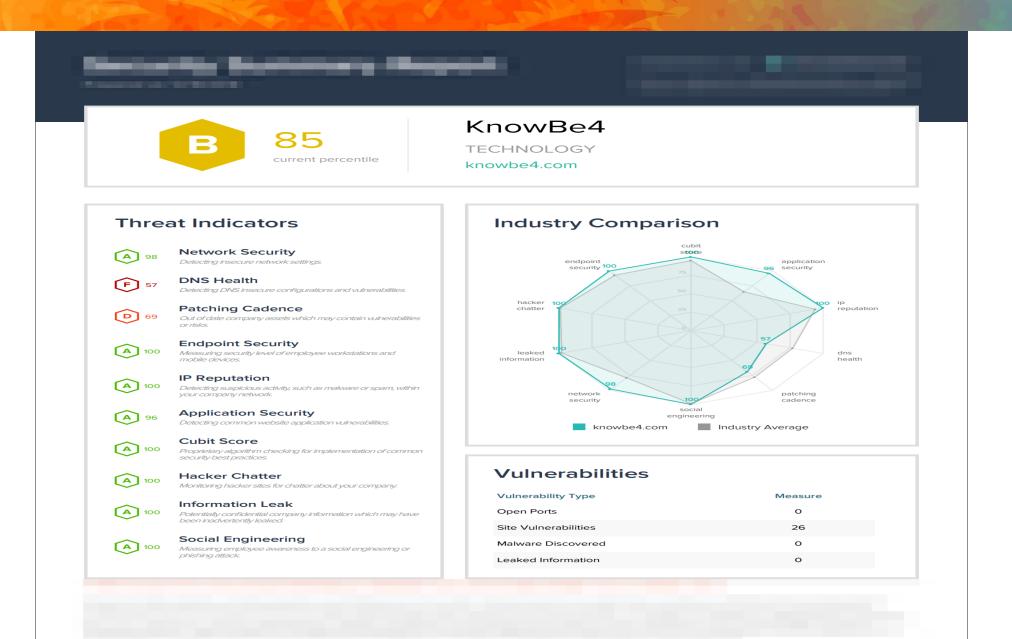
Security "in" the cloud

- Request appropriate reports for security in the cloud
- Amazon AWS Trusted Advisor Reports
- Microsoft Azure Azure Advisor and Azure Security Score
- Google Cloud Summary of Security Platform
- OR reports from third party cloud security applications containing similar information

Security

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Be reasonable and streamline the process

- Don't impose unreasonable standards on vendors
 - If vendor has a due diligence package, use it!
- Take into account the nature, risk and scope of processing to ultimately decide what to request from the vendor as well as the obligations to impose by way of <u>contract</u>



What we have seen....

CFR Part 471, Appendix A to Subpart A), relating to the notice of employee rights under federal labor laws.

10.2. Supplier Code of Conduct. Supplier will comply at all times with the then-current version of the Supplier Code of Conduct. The terms of the Supplier Code of Conduct, including as it may be subsequently amended, are incorporated in this Agreement by reference. Supplier will promptly report liscovered or suspected fraud, illegal activity or other violation of the Supplier Code of

Conauct.

MASTER AGREEMENT_3.5.8

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Appropriate contracts for you and for them

- Work with your legal department to draft the appropriate contracts to execute with third parties
- Data Security Addendums
- Data Processing Agreements or Data Privacy Addendum (Required for GDPR and other data protection legislation).
 Comprehensive and has the ability to cover both privacy and security obligations.
- Automation where possible



What are some third party RED FLAGS?

Lets go over a few examples



YEAH, IF YOU COULD JUST PUT OUR NAME ON THAT AWS SOC 2 REPORT



Red Flags!

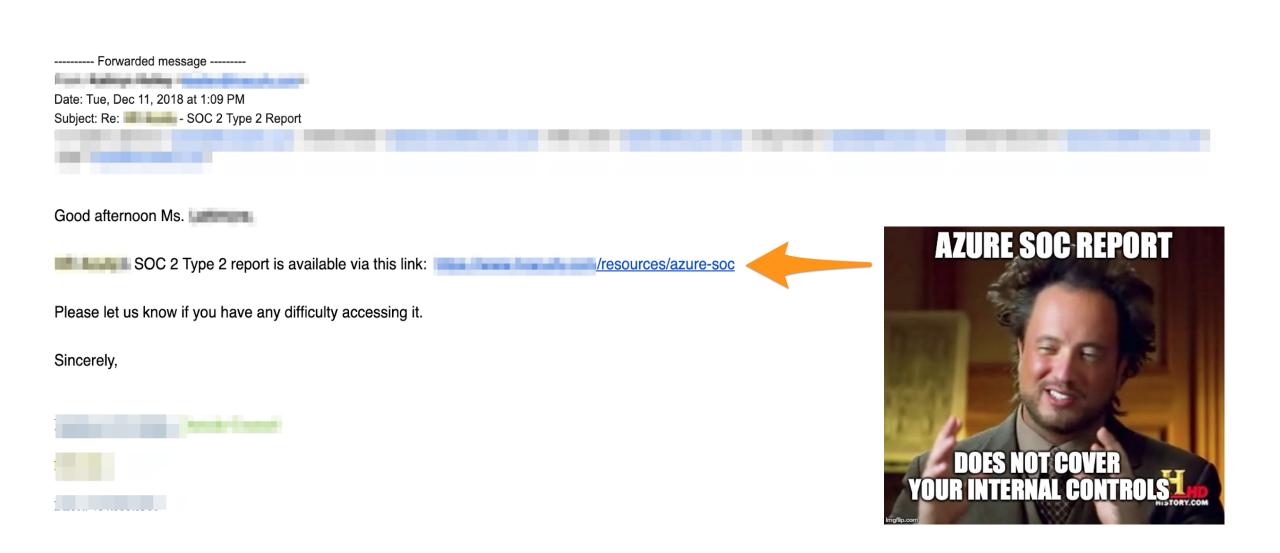
- Pass off infrastructure SOC report as their own (i.e. pass off Amazon AWS or Azure SOC Report as their own)
- *Vendors are still responsible for security IN the cloud
- 2. No recent penetration tests or vulnerability scans



Are we not able to utilize AWS' SOC 2 in lieu of ours until it's available?



Subprocessor is AWS, which a very well-known sub processor. Also, industry standard is that SOC by pertinent subprocesors is acceptable.





Red Flags (ctd..)

- Old SOC reports without an appropriate bridge letter
- Not willing to execute security or privacy agreements
- History of data breaches
- No documented Infosec & Privacy Policies
- Critical vulnerabilities not remediated in timely fashion or refuse to provide penetration tests and vulnerability scans
- Lack of knowledge of current compliance regulations



Example - Redflag Pentest Report

3. Conclusion

The security assessment of application on the URLs https://sandbox. A was performed. The pages tested are considered as a representative of the entire application. Consequently, the results must not be taken to be the sum total of the security issues and problems in the application, but as a representative sample.



13. COMPANY'S OBLIGATION TO PROVIDE SOURCE CODE.

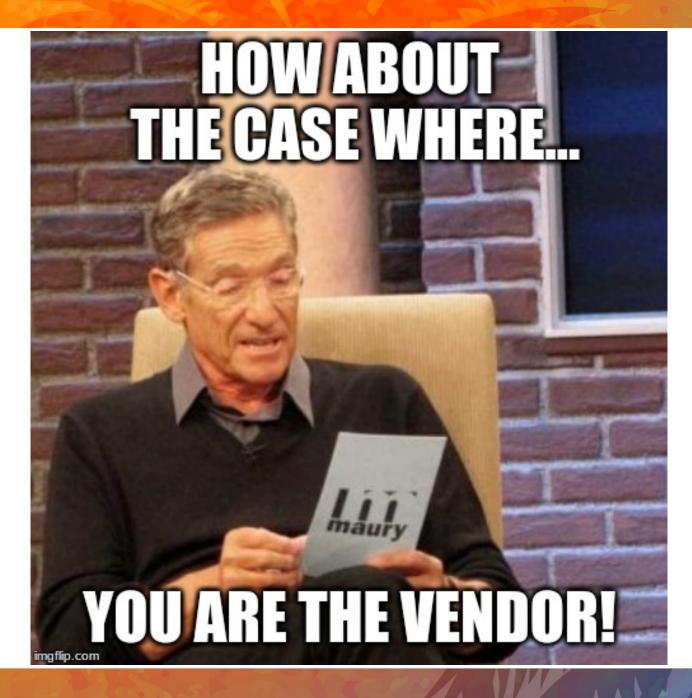
In the event the source code either has not been escrowed or for any reason cannot readily be obtained from the escrow agent, **Internet** shall have the right to obtain source code directly from Company if bankruptcy, receivership, insolvency, reorganization, dissolution, liquidation or similar proceedings

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Advanced notice clauses

10.3. Service Provider shall provide reasonable advanced notification, which shall be defined as at least three weeks, to Customer where Service Provider wishes to engage a Subprocessor to process Customer Data and shall provide, upon Customer's request, the identity and location of the Subprocessor and a description of the processing to be subcontracted or outsourced to such Subprocessor.





Be prepared!

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- Be ready with acceptable contracts (DPA's, MSA's)
- Due diligence package
- Most recent vulnerability scan, SOC 2 report, penetration

tests, trusted advisor reports etc..

• Completed questionnaires (CAIQ, SIG, HECVAT)

How to keep up with all of this

- Spreadsheets and file storage
- Procurement departments
- Vendor risk applications

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Source blog.kizian.com

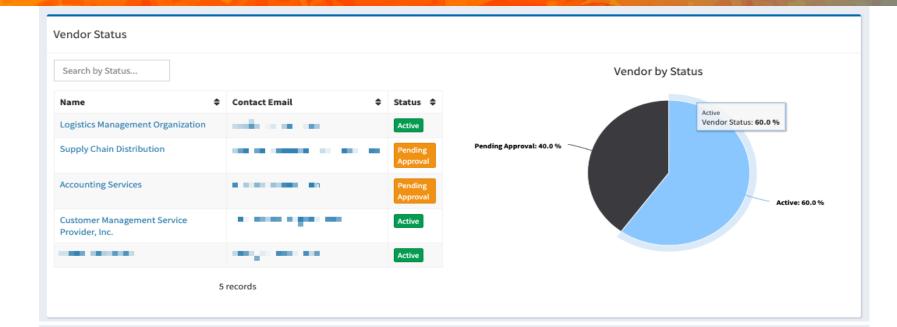
KCM GRC Vendor Risk

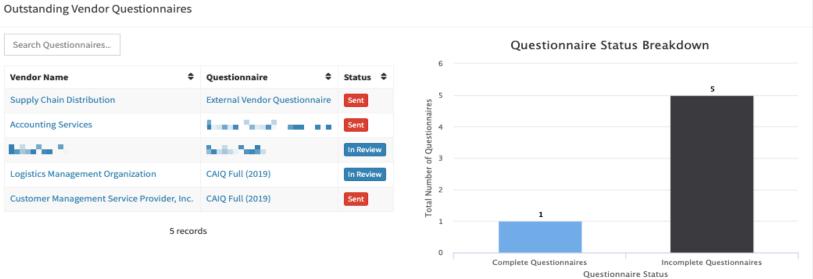
- This is what we use internally
- Part of KnowBe4 KCM GRC Product





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Thank You!

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